| Roll No.                        | Total No. of Pages : 02 |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total No. of Questions:07       |                         |
| M.Sc.(Mathematics) (2018 Batch) | (Sem1)                  |
| ALGEBRA-I                       |                         |
| Subject Code : MSM-101-1        | 8                       |
| M.Code: 75129                   |                         |
| Date of Examination : 17-01-2   | 2023                    |

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 70

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of FIVE questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C. have THREE questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FOUR questions from SECTION B & C carrying FIFTEEN marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C each.

## **SECTION-A**

#### 1. Write short answers :

- a) Find the inverse of a if  $(\mathbb{Z}, *)$  is a group with a \* b = a + b 1;  $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ ?
- b) Prove that there is no simple group of order 56.
- c) Give an example to show that in a commutative ring R with unity, a prime ideal need not be the maximal ideal.
- d) State first Sylow theorem.
- e) What is a solvable group and give one example.

### SECTION-B

- 2. a) Show that in a group of even order, the number of elements of order 2 is odd.
  - b) Show that a non-abelian group of order 6 is isomorphic to the symmetric group  $S_3$ .
- 3. a) Prove that a finite group is solvable if and only if its composition factors are cyclic groups of prime order.

- b) Give an example of a non-abelian group each of whose subgroups is normal.
- 4. a) Prove that the alternating group  $A_n$  is simple if n > 4.
  - b) What is a simple group and give one example.

# **SECTION-C**

- 5. a) Prove that every group of order  $p^2$  is abelian, where p is a prime.
  - b) For any ring R and any maximal ideal A  $\neq$  R, prove that the quotient ring R/A has no non-trivial ideals.
- 6. a) Prove that the sum of all the nil ideals in a ring R is itself-a nil ideal and it is the largest nil ideal in the ring R.

b) Let G be a finite abelian group of order n. Then, if p is a prime dividing n, show that there is a element  $g \in G$  of order p.

- 7. a) State and prove second Sylow theorem.
  - b) Find all the homomorphisms from the ring of integers  $\mathbb{Z}$  to  $\mathbb{Z}$ .