Roll No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech. (AI&ML/(AI) and Data Science/CSE/Data Science/Robotics & Artificial Intelligence/IT/Internet of Things and Cyber Security including Block Chain Technology/) (Sem-1,2)

SEMI-CONDUCTOR PHYSICS

Subject Code: BTPH-104-18

M.Code: 75360

Date of Examination: 15-06-2023

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C. have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly:

- a) Explain the terms: (i) Drift velocity and (ii) Carrier mobility.
- b) What are the basic assumptions of classical free electron theory?
- c) What do you understand by wave function?
- d) Why are we not aware of quantization in the daily experience?
- e) Explain it. What is the density of states? Discuss briefly.
- f) Give the physical basis of effective mass and explain its physical significance.
- g) Write a short note on the band theory of solids.
- h) Define the following terms: (i) Population inversion (ii) Pumping.
- i) What is Fermi level and Fermi energy?
- j) What is exciton?

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SECTION-B

- Obtain an expression for the electrical conductivity of metal on the basis of the freeelectron theory. Hence prove Ohm's law.
- Discuss with suitable mathematical expressions, the motion of an electron in a periodic potential. Explain how the above theory leads to the concept of the band structure of solids.
- 4. Derive an expression for Fermi energy in an intrinsic semiconductor. What is the effect of temperature on Fermi level in an intrinsic semiconductor?
- 5. a) Differentiate the n-type and p-type semiconductors with their Fermi level diagram.
 - b) For an intrinsic semiconductor having a band gap $E_g = 0.7$ eV, calculate the density of holes and electrons at room temperature (= 27°C). https://www.ptustudy.com

SECTION-C

- 6. Explain the term 'spontaneous' and 'stimulated' emission of radiation. Obtain a relation between transition probabilities of spontaneous and stimulated emission.
- 7. Describe the construction and working of a semiconductor laser with necessary diagrams. Discuss its merits over other lasers.
- 8. Explain the concept of directionality and monochromaticity as applied to lasers.
- 9. a) What is the Hall effect? Give an experimental method of calculating concentration and type of charges in a given semiconductor.
 - b) Assume that there are 5×10^{28} atoms/m³ in Cu, find the Hall coefficient.

NOTE: Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.

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