

**Roll No.**

**Total No. of Pages : 02**

**Total No. of Questions : 09**

**B.Sc.(Radiotherapy Technology) (Sem.-5)**

**Subject Code : BSRT-502-19**

**M.Code : 90330**

**Date of Examination : 14-12-22**

**Time : 3 Hrs.**

**Max. Marks : 60**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :**

1. **SECTION-A is COMPULSORY** consisting of **TEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. **SECTION-B** contains **FIVE** questions carrying **FIVE** marks each and students have to attempt any **FOUR** questions.
3. **SECTION-C** contains **THREE** questions carrying **TEN** marks each and students have to attempt any **TWO** questions.

## SECTION-A

**1. Write briefly :**

- a) Define exposure rate constant.
- b) Write the equation for production of  $^{60}\text{Co}$ .
- c) Define radium mass equivalent.
- d) What are the instruments to detect radioactivity?
- e) What is an isodose curve?
- f) Give use of surface moulds.
- g) Calculate the number of atoms present in a cobalt -60 isotope after 13 years, if the initial number of atoms present were  $10^8$ .
- h) Write about decay constant.
- i) What are clinical applications of  $\text{Cs}^{137}$ .
- j) Define Radiotherapy.

### SECTION-B

2. Draw a well labelled energy level diagram for the decay of Cobalt-60 nucleus with explanation.
3. Write a note on applications of Radiotherapy.
4. Describe the construction and distribution rules of circular moulds.
5. Write a short note on quiby system.
6. What are the four classifications of brachytherapy based on the dose rate? Explain one of them.

### SECTION-C

7. Write a note on design features, radiation sources of brachytherapy.
8. What radioisotopes are used for permanent implants and why?
9.
  - a) What is Paris Technique?
  - b) With neat diagram explain Basal points and Basal dose for single plane and double plane implants
  - c) What is reference isodose?

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**