

**Roll No.**

**Total No. of Pages : 02**

**Total No. of Questions : 09**

### **B.Sc. Honours (Physics) (Sem.-3)**

# PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY

**Subject Code : BHCL-204-21**

**M.Code : 92459**

**Date of Examination : 19-12-22**

**Time : 3 Hrs.**

**Max. Marks : 60**

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. **SECTION-A is COMPULSORY** consisting of **TEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. **SECTION - B & C.** have **FOUR** questions each.
3. Attempt any **FIVE** questions from **SECTION B & C** carrying **EIGHT** marks each.
4. Select atleast **TWO** questions from **SECTION - B & C**.

## SECTION-A

**l. Write short notes on :**

- Define Compressibility factor  $Z$ .
- Differentiate between Space lattice and Unit cell.
- Explain with example how Ionization of weak acid can be done.
- Vapour pressure of water at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  is 17.51 mm. Lowering of vapour pressure of sugar solution is 0.0614 mm. Calculate Relative lowering of vapour Pressure.
- What is pH scale? Calculate the pH of 0.0001 M HCl solution.
- What is solubility product? Give example.
- Derive  $PV = nRT$  for Ideal Gas Equation.
- What are Lewis acids and bases? Explain with examples.
- What are buffer solutions? Also explain acidic and basic buffers.
- Explain the Law of Rational Indices.

## SECTION-B

2. a) Derive Kinetic Gas Equation  $PV = \frac{1}{3} m n u^2$ .  
b) One mole of water vapour is confined to a 20-litre flask at 27° C. Calculate its pressure using  
(i) Ideal gas equation  
(ii) Vander Waal's equation. Given van der Waals constants:  $a = 5.464 \text{ atm litre}^2 \text{ mol}^{-2}$ ,  $b = 0.0305 \text{ litre mol}^{-1}$ ,  $R = 0.082 \text{ litre atm deg}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
3. a) Explain the Bragg Equation. Give its derivation.  
b) What is coefficient of viscosity? Describe the method for the measurement of coefficient of viscosity.
4. Why do real gases show deviations from ideal behaviour? Derive expression for the equation of state for real gases i.e. Van der Waal equation.
5. a) What are seven crystal systems? Explain.  
b) Describe the Symmetry elements and Symmetry operations.

## SECTION-C

6. What is Relative Lowering of vapour pressure? Explain the thermodynamic derivation for relative lowering of vapour pressure.
7. a) What is Degree of Ionization? What are the various factors affecting degree of Ionization?  
b) Calculate the osmotic pressure of 0.01 M solution of canesugar is 27°C ( $R=0.0821 \text{ litre atm /degree/mol}$ )
8. What is van't Hoff factor? How is it used in the determination of degree of association and degree of dissociation of a solute?
9. Illustrate the application of the concept of solubility product in the following operations :  
a) Determination of solubility of sparingly soluble salts.  
b) Predicting Precipitation Reactions.

**NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Marking of passing request on any paper of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.**