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Total No. of Pages : 03

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Bachelor of Science - Honours (Mathematics). (Sem.–2) SOLID GEOMETRY Subject Code : UC-BSHM-202-19 M.Code : 77766 Date of Examination : 22-12-22

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C. have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly :

- a) Find the angle between the two planes 3x 2y + z + 17 = 0, 4x + 3y 6z + 25 = 0.
- b) Write the equation of a line passing through the points P (x_1, y_1, z_1) and Q (x_2, y_2, z_2) .
- c) Derive the center-radius form of a sphere.
- d) Define great circle.
- e) What do you mean by power of a point with respect to a sphere?
- f) Define radical planes.
- g) Define right circular cone.
- h) Define enveloping cylinder.
- i) What do you mean by quadratic surfaces? Discuss its different types.
- j) Write the equations of an ellipsoid and hyperboloid of one sheet.

SECTION-B

2. a) Find the equation of the plane passing through the points (-1,1,1) and (1,-1,1), and perpendicular to the plane x + 2y + 2z = 5.

b) Transform the equations of the line determined by

$$x + 2y + z = 3$$

$$6x + 8y + 3z = 13$$

into symmetric form.

3. Find the center and radius of the circle

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} + 12x - 12y - 16z + 111 = 0, 2x + 2y + 2z = 17$$

4. a) Find a necessary and sufficient condition for the spheres

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} + 2u_{1}x + 2v_{1}y + 2w_{1}z + d_{1} = 0$$
$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} + 2u_{2}x + 2v_{2}y + 2w_{2}z + d_{2} = 0$$

to intersect orthogonally,

b) Find the locus of a point the powers of which with respect to the spheres

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = 1$$

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} + 2x - 2y + 2z + 1 = 0$$

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} - x + 4y - 6z - 2 = 0$$

are equal.

5. a) Find the equations of the spheres passing through the circle

 $x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} - 6x - 2z + 5 = 0$, y = 0 and touching the plane 3y + 4z + 5 = 0.

b) Find the condition when the plane lx + my + nz = p becomes a tangent plane to the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$.

SECTION C

- 6. Show that the equation $4x^2 y^2 + 2z^2 3yz + 2xy + 12x 11y + 6z + 4 = 0$ represents a cone. Also show that its vertex is (-1, -2, -3).
- 7. a) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 2 and whose axis is the line

$$\frac{x-3}{5} = \frac{y-1}{4} = \frac{z+2}{2}$$

- b) Find the equation of the cylinder whose generators are parallel to $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$ and which intersects the curve $2x^2 + 3y^2 = 4$, z = 1.
- 8. Identify the surfaces
 - a) $x^2 + 4y^2 + 3z^2 + 2x 8y + 9z 10 = 0$
 - b) $x^2 + 2y^2 z^2 + 2x + 4y 6z 18 = 0$
- 9. a) Find the point of intersection of the line $\frac{x+5}{-3} = \frac{y-4}{1} = \frac{z-11}{1}$ with the hyperboloid $12x^2 17y^2 + 7z^2 7 = 0$.
 - b) Find the equation of the tangent plane and normal to the surface xy = z at the point (1, 2, 3).

NOTE : Disclosure of Identity by writing Mobile No. or Making of passing request on any page of Answer Sheet will lead to UMC against the Student.